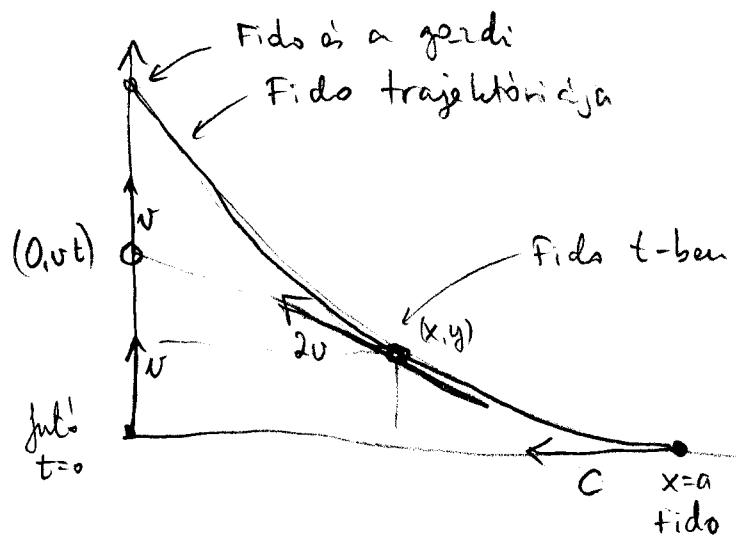


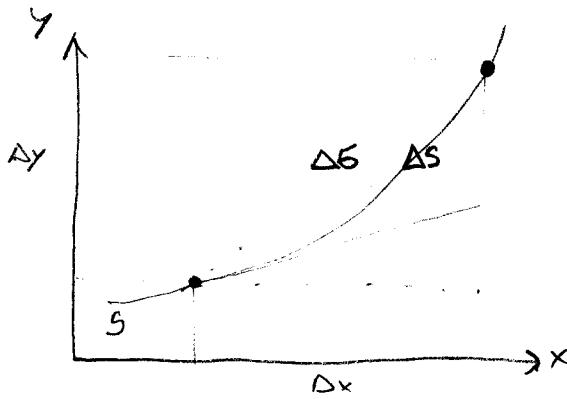
Fido és a garda

Probléma:

Fido sét.: c
Gardi sét.: v



Differenciál eggyel több mentén:



$$\frac{ds}{dx} = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\Delta s}{\Delta x} = \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} ds^2 &= dx^2 + dy^2 \\ \left(\frac{ds}{dx}\right)^2 &= 1 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2 \\ \frac{ds}{dx} &= \sqrt{1 + (y')^2} \end{aligned}$$

Görbe hossza:

$$ds = \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2} dx$$

$$s = \int_a^b ds = \int_a^b \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2} dx = \int_a^b \sqrt{dx^2 + dy^2}$$

Mi van, ha y e x -egy + parametrikus koordinátil függésben egymással?

$$x = x(t), \quad y = y(t)$$

$$s = \int_a^b \sqrt{dx^2 + dy^2} = \int_a^b \sqrt{\left(\frac{dx}{dt}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{dy}{dt}\right)^2} dt$$

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Megoldás

Futó: $y = vt$

Fido: $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{vt - y(t)}{x(t)}$

Megtold vt : $s = ct \Rightarrow t \stackrel{s=c}{\Rightarrow}$

$$x \cdot \frac{dy}{dx} = y - \frac{sv}{c} \Rightarrow s = \frac{c}{v} \left(y - x \frac{dy}{dx} \right) \Rightarrow$$

$$\frac{ds}{dx} = \frac{c}{v} \left(\frac{dy}{dx} - \frac{dy}{dx} - x \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} \right) = -\frac{c}{v} \times \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = -\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx} \right)^2}$$

$$-\frac{c}{v} \times \frac{dy'}{dx} = -\sqrt{1 + (y')^2}$$

$$\frac{dy'}{\sqrt{1 + (y')^2}} = \frac{v}{c} \frac{dx}{x}$$

diff. egyenlet integráljuk

Alapintervallum

$$\ln(y' + \sqrt{1 + (y')^2}) + C = \frac{v}{c} \ln x$$

Pérem feltétel

$$t=0 \quad y'=0 \quad (\text{Fido } \times \text{ tangens növekvő fut})$$

$$x=a$$

$$C = \frac{v}{c} \ln a = \ln a^{v/c}$$

$$\ln \left[(y' + \sqrt{1 + y'^2}) \cdot a^{v/c} \right] = \ln x^{v/c}$$

$$y' + \sqrt{1 + y'^2} = \left(\frac{x}{a} \right)^{v/c} \quad (1)$$

$$(y' + \sqrt{1+y'^2})(y' - \sqrt{1+y'^2}) = \left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{v/c} \cdot \left(y' - \sqrt{1+y'^2}\right) = -1 \quad (3)$$

$$\cancel{(y')^2} - 1 - \cancel{(y')^2} = -\left(\frac{a}{x}\right)^{v/c} \quad (2)$$

$$(1)+(2) =$$

$$= 2y' = \left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{v/c} - \left(\frac{a}{x}\right)^{v/c} \Rightarrow$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{a^{v/c}} \cdot \frac{x^{v/c+1}}{v/c+1} - \frac{1}{2} a^{v/c} \cdot \frac{x^{-v/c+1}}{-v/c+1} + c_2$$

Persefertig: $x=a, y=0$

$$0 = \frac{1}{2} \frac{a^{v/c+1}}{a^{v/c}} \frac{1}{v/c+1} - \frac{1}{2} a^{v/c} \cdot a^{-v/c+1} \frac{1}{-v/c+1} + c_2$$

$$\frac{a}{v/c+1} - \frac{a}{-v/c+1} = -2c_2$$

$$\text{Hab } \underline{\underline{c_2 = 2a}}$$

$$2c_2 = -\frac{a}{\frac{1}{2}+1} + \frac{a}{-\frac{1}{2}+1} = -\frac{a}{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{a}{\frac{1}{2}} = -\frac{2}{3}a + 2a = a \frac{-2+6}{3} = \frac{4}{3}a$$

$$c_2 = \frac{2a}{3} \quad v/c = 1/2$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}} \frac{x^{3/2}}{3/2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{a} \frac{x^{1/2}}{1/2} + \frac{2a}{3} =$$

$$y = \frac{x^{3/2}}{3\sqrt{a}} - \sqrt{ax} + \frac{2a}{3}$$

Tido palyaja

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Találkozás a gardinál

$$x=0$$

$$y = \frac{2a}{3} \quad \text{gazde által megtárt időt a } y \text{ tengely mentén}$$

$$t = \frac{2a}{3N} \quad \text{idő alett}$$

$$\text{Fido által megtárt idő: } \frac{4a}{3} \quad (\text{hetven nappal})$$