

# Appendix VIII: Character Tables for Some of the More Common Point Groups

Character tables are given in this appendix for the following point groups: (1) the groups which correspond to the 32 crystal classes (see Table 8-14), (2) groups containing 5-fold axes that may be needed to describe the symmetries of certain molecules or complex ions, and (3) the infinite groups  $G_{\infty v}$  and  $D_{\infty h}$  that are appropriate to linear structures.

Some comment on the notation for the irreducible representations (symmetry species) is necessary, as certain variations will be found in the literature. Molecular spectroscopists usually designate one-dimensional symmetry species by A or B, two-dimensional species by E, and three-dimensional species by F or T. Some authors prefer lower-case letters to capitals. The symmetry or antisymmetry of a given species with respect to the generating rotation operation distinguishes A and B. Subscripts 1 and 2 are used on A and B according to the symmetry with respect to rotation about a  $C_2$  axis perpendicular to the generating axis. Symmetry with respect to inversion is indicated by a subscript *g* or *u* (see Section 4.4.2), while a prime or double prime identifies species that are, respectively, symmetric or antisymmetric with respect to a horizontal plane. Finally numerical subscripts are used to distinguish various doubly and triply degenerate species.

For linear molecules or ions the symbols are usually those derived from the term symbols for the electronic states of diatomic and other linear molecules. A capital Greek letter  $\Sigma, \Pi, \Delta, \Phi, \dots$  is used, corresponding to  $\lambda = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots$ , where  $\lambda$  is the quantum number for rotation about the molecular axis. For  $\Sigma$  species a superscript + or - is added to indicate the symmetry with respect to a plane that contains the molecular axis.

The components of the translation and rotation vectors are given as  $T_x, T_y, T_z$  and  $R_x, R_y, R_z$ , respectively. The components of the polarizability tensor appear as linear combinations such as  $\alpha_{xx} + \alpha_{yy}$ , *etc.*, that have the symmetry of the indicated irreducible representation.

**Table 1** Character tables for the cyclic groups,  $G_n$  ( $n = 2, 3, 4, 5, 6$ ).

$G_2$	$E$	$C_2$					
A	1	1		$T_z, R_z$	$\alpha_{xx}, \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{zz}, \alpha_{xy}$		
B	1	-1		$T_x, T_y, R_x, R_y$	$\alpha_{yz}, \alpha_{zx}$		
$G_3$	$E$	$C_3$	$C_3^2$			$\varepsilon = \exp(2\pi i/3)$	
A	1	1	1		$T_z, R_z$	$\alpha_{xx} + \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{zz}$	
E	$\begin{Bmatrix} 1 & \varepsilon & \varepsilon^* \\ 1 & \varepsilon^* & \varepsilon \end{Bmatrix}$			$(T_x, T_y), (R_x, R_y)$		$(\alpha_{xx} - \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{xy}), (\alpha_{yz}, \alpha_{zx})$	
$G_4$	$E$	$C_4$	$C_2$	$C_4^3$			
A	1	1	1	1		$\alpha_{xx} + \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{zz}$	
B	1	-1	1	-1		$\alpha_{xx} - \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{zz}$	
E	$\begin{Bmatrix} 1 & i & -1 & -i \\ 1 & -i & -1 & i \end{Bmatrix}$				$(T_x, T_y), (R_x, R_y)$	$(\alpha_{yz}, \alpha_{zx})$	
$G_5$	$E$	$C_5$	$C_5^2$	$C_5^3$	$C_5^4$		
A	1	1	1	1	1	$T_z, R_z$	
E <sub>1</sub>	$\begin{Bmatrix} 1 & \varepsilon & \varepsilon^2 & \varepsilon^{2*} & \varepsilon^* \\ 1 & \varepsilon^* & \varepsilon^{2*} & \varepsilon^2 & \varepsilon \end{Bmatrix}$					$(T_x, T_y), (R_x, R_y)$	
E <sub>2</sub>	$\begin{Bmatrix} 1 & \varepsilon^2 & \varepsilon^* & \varepsilon & \varepsilon^{2*} \\ 1 & \varepsilon^{2*} & \varepsilon & \varepsilon^* & \varepsilon^2 \end{Bmatrix}$					$(\alpha_{xx} - \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{xy})$	
$G_6$	$E$	$C_6$	$C_3$	$C_2$	$C_3^2$	$C_6^5$	
A	1	1	1	1	1	1	$T_z, R_z$
B	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	
E <sub>1</sub>	$\begin{Bmatrix} 1 & \varepsilon & -\varepsilon^* & -1 & -\varepsilon & \varepsilon^* \\ 1 & \varepsilon^* & -\varepsilon & -1 & -\varepsilon^* & \varepsilon \end{Bmatrix}$						$(T_x, T_y), (R_x, R_y)$
E <sub>2</sub>	$\begin{Bmatrix} 1 & -\varepsilon^* & -\varepsilon & 1 & -\varepsilon^* & -\varepsilon \\ 1 & -\varepsilon & -\varepsilon^* & 1 & -\varepsilon & -\varepsilon^* \end{Bmatrix}$						$(\alpha_{xx} - \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{xy})$

**Table 2** Character tables for the dihedral groups,  $\mathcal{D}_n$  ( $n = 2, 3, 4, 5, 6$ ).

$\mathcal{D}_2 = \mathcal{V}$	$E$	$C_2(z)$	$C_2(y)$	$C_2(x)$		
A	1	1	1	1		$\alpha_{xx}, \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{zz}$
B <sub>1</sub>	1	1	-1	-1	$T_z, R_z$	$\alpha_{xy}$
B <sub>2</sub>	1	-1	1	-1	$T_y, R_y$	$\alpha_{zx}$
B <sub>3</sub>	1	-1	-1	1	$T_x, R_x$	$\alpha_{yz}$

  

$\mathcal{D}_3$	$E$	$2C_3$	$3C_2'$		
A <sub>1</sub>	1	1	1		$\alpha_{xx} + \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{zz}$
A <sub>2</sub>	1	1	-1	$T_z, R_z$	
E	2	-1	0	$(T_x, T_y), (R_x, R_y)$	$(\alpha_{xx} - \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{xy}), (\alpha_{yz}, \alpha_{zx})$

  

$\mathcal{D}_4$	$E$	$2C_4$	$C_2$	$2C_2'$	$2C_2''$		
A <sub>1</sub>	1	1	1	1	1		$\alpha_{xx} + \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{zz}$
A <sub>2</sub>	1	1	1	-1	-1	$T_z, R_z$	
B <sub>1</sub>	1	-1	1	1	-1		$\alpha_{xx} - \alpha_{yy}$
B <sub>2</sub>	1	-1	1	-1	1		$\alpha_{xy}$
E	2	0	-2	0	0	$(T_x, T_y), (R_x, R_y)$	$(\alpha_{yz}, \alpha_{zx})$

  

$\mathcal{D}_5$	$E$	$2C_5$	$2C_5^2$	$5C_2'$		$\alpha = 72^\circ$
A <sub>1</sub>	1	1	1	1		$\alpha_{xx} + \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{zz}$
A <sub>2</sub>	1	1	1	-1	$T_z, R_z$	
E <sub>1</sub>	2	$2 \cos \alpha$	$2 \cos 2\alpha$	0	$(T_x, T_y), (R_x, R_y)$	$(\alpha_{yz}, \alpha_{zx})$
E <sub>2</sub>	2	$2 \cos 2\alpha$	$2 \cos \alpha$	0		$(\alpha_{xx} - \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{xy})$

  

$\mathcal{D}_6$	$E$	$2C_6$	$2C_3$	$C_2$	$3C_2'$	$3C_2''$		
A <sub>1</sub>	1	1	1	1	1	1		$\alpha_{xx} + \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{zz}$
A <sub>2</sub>	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	$T_z, R_z$	
B <sub>1</sub>	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1		
B <sub>2</sub>	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1		
E <sub>1</sub>	2	1	-1	-2	0	0	$(T_x, T_y), (R_x, R_y)$	$(\alpha_{yz}, \alpha_{zx})$
E <sub>2</sub>	2	-1	-1	2	0	0		$(\alpha_{xx} - \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{xy})$

**Table 3** Character tables for the groups  $\mathcal{O}_{nh}$  ( $n = 2, 3, 4, 5, 6$ ).

$\mathcal{O}_{2h} = \mathcal{C}_2^v$	$E$	$C_2(z)$	$C_2(y)$	$C_2(x)$	$i$	$\sigma(xy)$	$\sigma(xz)$	$\sigma(yz)$		
$A_g$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		$\alpha_{xx}, \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{zz}$
$B_{1g}$	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	$R_z$	$\alpha_{xy}$
$B_{2g}$	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	$R_y$	$\alpha_{zx}$
$B_{3g}$	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	$R_x$	$\alpha_{yz}$
$A_u$	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1		
$B_{1u}$	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	$T_z$	
$B_{2u}$	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	$T_y$	
$B_{3u}$	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	$T_x$	

  

$\mathcal{O}_{3h}$	$E$	$2C_3$	$3C_2'$	$\sigma_h$	$2S_3$	$3\sigma_v$			
$A_1'$	1	1	1	1	1	1		$\alpha_{xx} + \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{zz}$	
$A_2'$	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	$R_z$		
$E'$	2	-1	0	2	-1	0	$(T_x, T_y)$	$(\alpha_{xx} - \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{xy})$	
$A_1''$	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1			
$A_2''$	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	$T_z$		
$E''$	2	-1	0	-2	1	0	$(R_x, R_y)$	$(\alpha_{yx}, \alpha_{zx})$	

  

$\mathcal{O}_{4h}$	$E$	$2C_4$	$C_2$	$2C_2'$	$2C_2''$	$i$	$2S_4$	$\sigma_h$	$2\sigma_v$	$2\sigma_d$		
$A_{1g}$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		$\alpha_{xx} + \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{zz}$
$A_{2g}$	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	$R_z$	
$B_{1g}$	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1		$\alpha_{xx} - \alpha_{yy}$
$B_{2g}$	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1		$\alpha_{xy}$
$E_g$	2	0	-2	0	0	2	0	-2	0	0	$(R_x, R_y)$	$(\alpha_{yz}, \alpha_{zx})$
$A_{1u}$	1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1		
$A_{2u}$	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	$T_z$	
$B_{1u}$	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1		
$B_{2u}$	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1		
$E_u$	2	0	-2	0	0	-2	0	2	0	0	$(T_x, T_y)$	

  

$\mathcal{O}_{5h}$	$E$	$2C_5$	$2C_5^2$	$5C_2'$	$\sigma_h$	$2S_5$	$2S_5^3$	$5\sigma_v$		$\alpha = 72^\circ$
$A_1'$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		$\alpha_{xx} + \alpha_{yy},$ $\alpha_{zz}$
$A_2'$	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	$R_z$	
$E_1'$	2	$2 \cos \alpha$	$2 \cos 2\alpha$	0	2	$2 \cos \alpha$	$2 \cos 2\alpha$	0	$(T_x, T_y)$	
$E_2'$	2	$2 \cos 2\alpha$	$2 \cos \alpha$	0	2	$2 \cos 2\alpha$	$2 \cos \alpha$	0		$(\alpha_{xx}$ $-\alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{xy})$
$A_1''$	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1		
$A_2''$	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	$T_z$	
$E_1''$	2	$2 \cos \alpha$	$2 \cos 2\alpha$	0	-2	$-2 \cos \alpha$	$-2 \cos 2\alpha$	0	$(R_x, R_y)$	$(\alpha_{yz}, \alpha_{zx})$
$E_2''$	2	$2 \cos 2\alpha$	$2 \cos \alpha$	0	-2	$-2 \cos 2\alpha$	$-2 \cos \alpha$	0		

Table 3 (Continued).

$\mathcal{O}_{6h}$	$E$	$2C_6$	$2C_3$	$C_2$	$3C_2'$	$3C_2''$	$i$	$2S_3$	$2S_6$	$\sigma_h$	$3\sigma_d$	$3\sigma_v$		
$A_{1g}$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	$R_z$	$\alpha_{xx} + \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{zz}$
$A_{2g}$	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1		
$B_{1g}$	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1		
$B_{2g}$	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1		
$E_{1g}$	2	1	-1	-2	0	0	2	1	-1	-2	0	0	$(R_x, R_y)$	$(\alpha_{yz}, \alpha_{zx})$ $(\alpha_{xx} - \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{xy})$
$E_{2g}$	2	-1	-1	2	0	0	2	-1	-1	2	0	0		
$A_{1u}$	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	$T_z$	
$A_{2u}$	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1		
$B_{1u}$	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1		
$B_{2u}$	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1		
$E_{1u}$	2	1	-1	-2	0	0	-2	-1	1	2	0	0	$(T_x, T_y)$	
$E_{2u}$	2	-1	-1	2	0	0	-2	1	1	-2	0	0		

Table 4 Character tables for the groups  $\mathcal{J}_n$  ( $n = 2, 4, 6, 8$ ).

$\mathcal{J}_2 \equiv \mathcal{G}_i$	$E$	$i$			
$A_g$	1	1	$R_x, R_y, R_z$	$\alpha_{xx}, \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{zz}, \alpha_{xy}$	
$A_u$	1	-1	$T_x, T_y, T_z$	$\alpha_{yz}, \alpha_{zx}$	

  

$\mathcal{J}_4$	$E$	$S_4$	$C_2$	$S_4^3$		
$A$	1	1	1	1	$R_z$ $T_z$	$\alpha_{xx} + \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{zz}$ $\alpha_{xx} - \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{xy}$
$B$	1	-1	1	-1		
$E$	$\left\{ \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & i & -1 \\ 1 & -i & -1 \end{array} \right\}$				$(T_x, T_y), (R_x, R_y)$	$(\alpha_{yz}, \alpha_{zx})$

  

$\mathcal{J}_6$	$E$	$C_3$	$C_3^2$	$i$	$S_6^5$	$S_6$		$\varepsilon = \exp(2\pi i/3)$
$A_g$	1	1	1	1	1	1	$R_z$	$\alpha_{xx} + \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{zz}$
$E_g$	$\left\{ \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & \varepsilon & \varepsilon^* \\ 1 & \varepsilon^* & \varepsilon \end{array} \right\}$	$\varepsilon$	$\varepsilon^*$	1	$\varepsilon$	$\varepsilon^*$	$(R_x, R_y)$	$(\alpha_{xx} - \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{xy}), (\alpha_{yz}, \alpha_{zx})$
$A_u$	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	$T_z$	
$E_u$	$\left\{ \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & \varepsilon & \varepsilon^* \\ 1 & \varepsilon^* & \varepsilon \end{array} \right\}$	$\varepsilon$	$\varepsilon^*$	-1	$-\varepsilon$	$-\varepsilon^*$	$(T_x, T_y)$	

  

$\mathcal{J}_8$	$E$	$S_8$	$C_4$	$S_8^3$	$C_2$	$S_8^5$	$C_4^3$	$S_8^7$		$\varepsilon = \exp(2\pi i/8)$
$A$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	$R_z$ $T_z$	$\alpha_{xx} + \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{zz}$
$B$	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1		
$E_1$	$\left\{ \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & \varepsilon & i \\ 1 & \varepsilon^* & -i \end{array} \right\}$	$\varepsilon$	$i$	$-\varepsilon^*$	-1	$-\varepsilon$	$-i$	$\varepsilon^*$	$(T_x, T_y)$	
$E_2$	$\left\{ \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & i & -1 \\ 1 & -i & -1 \end{array} \right\}$	$i$	-1	$-i$	1	$i$	-1	$-i$		
$E_3$	$\left\{ \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & -\varepsilon^* & -i \\ 1 & -\varepsilon & i \end{array} \right\}$	$-\varepsilon^*$	$-i$	$\varepsilon$	-1	$\varepsilon^*$	$i$	$-\varepsilon$	$(R_x, R_y)$	$(\alpha_{yz}, \alpha_{zx})$
		$-\varepsilon$	$i$	$\varepsilon^*$	-1	$\varepsilon$	$-i$	$-\varepsilon^*$		

**Table 5** Character tables for the groups  $G_{nh}(n = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6)$ .

$G_{1h} \equiv G_s$	$E$	$\sigma_h$		
$A'$	1	1	$T_x, T_y, R_z$	$\alpha_{xx}, \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{zz}, \alpha_{xy}$
$A''$	1	-1	$T_z, R_x, R_y$	$\alpha_{yz}, \alpha_{zx}$

  

$G_{2h}$	$E$	$C_2$	$i$	$\sigma_h$		
$A_g$	1	1	1	1	$R_z$	$\alpha_{xx}, \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{zz}, \alpha_{xy}$
$B_g$	1	-1	1	-1	$R_x, R_y$	$\alpha_{yz}, \alpha_{zx}$
$A_u$	1	1	-1	-1	$T_z$	
$B_u$	1	-1	-1	1	$T_x, T_y$	

  

$G_{3h}$	$E$	$C_3$	$C_3^2$	$\sigma_h$	$S_3$	$S_3^5$		$\varepsilon = \exp(2\pi i/3)$
$A'$	1	1	1	1	1	1	$R_z$	$\alpha_{xx} + \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{zz}$
$E'$	$\begin{Bmatrix} 1 & \varepsilon & \varepsilon^{\star} \\ 1 & \varepsilon^{\star} & \varepsilon \end{Bmatrix}$	$\varepsilon^{\star}$	$\varepsilon$	1	$\varepsilon^{\star}$	$\varepsilon$	$(T_x, T_y)$	$(\alpha_{xx} - \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{xy})$
$A''$	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	$T_z$	
$E''$	$\begin{Bmatrix} 1 & \varepsilon & \varepsilon^{\star} \\ 1 & \varepsilon^{\star} & \varepsilon \end{Bmatrix}$	$\varepsilon^{\star}$	$\varepsilon$	-1	$-\varepsilon$	$-\varepsilon^{\star}$	$(R_x, R_y)$	$(\alpha_{yz}, \alpha_{zx})$

  

$G_{4h}$	$E$	$C_4$	$C_2$	$C_4^3$	$i$	$S_4^3$	$\sigma_h$	$S_4$		
$A_g$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	$R_z$	$\alpha_{xx} + \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{zz}$
$B_g$	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1		$\alpha_{xx} - \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{xy}$
$E_g$	$\begin{Bmatrix} 1 & i & -1 & -i \\ 1 & -i & -1 & i \end{Bmatrix}$	$i$	$-i$	$-i$	$i$	$-i$	$-i$	$i$	$(R_x, R_y)$	$(\alpha_{yz}, \alpha_{zx})$
$A_u$	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	$T_z$	
$B_u$	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1		
$E_u$	$\begin{Bmatrix} 1 & i & -1 & -i \\ 1 & -i & -1 & i \end{Bmatrix}$	$i$	$-i$	$-i$	$i$	$-i$	$-i$	$i$	$(T_x, T_y)$	

  

$G_{5h}$	$E$	$C_5$	$C_5^2$	$C_5^3$	$C_5^4$	$\sigma_h$	$S_5$	$S_5^7$	$S_5^3$	$S_5^9$		$\varepsilon = \exp(2\pi i/5)$
$A'$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	$R_z$	$\alpha_{xx} + \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{zz}$
$E'_1$	$\begin{Bmatrix} 1 & \varepsilon & \varepsilon^2 & \varepsilon^3 & \varepsilon^4 \\ 1 & \varepsilon^{\star} & \varepsilon^{\star 2} & \varepsilon^{\star 3} & \varepsilon^{\star 4} \end{Bmatrix}$	$\varepsilon^2$	$\varepsilon^3$	$\varepsilon^4$	$\varepsilon$	1	$\varepsilon$	$\varepsilon^2$	$\varepsilon^3$	$\varepsilon^4$	$(T_z, T_y)$	
$E'_2$	$\begin{Bmatrix} 1 & \varepsilon^2 & \varepsilon^{\star} & \varepsilon^{\star 2} & \varepsilon^{\star 3} \\ 1 & \varepsilon^{\star 2} & \varepsilon & \varepsilon^{\star} & \varepsilon^{\star 2} \end{Bmatrix}$	$\varepsilon$	$\varepsilon^{\star}$	$\varepsilon^{\star 2}$	$\varepsilon^{\star 3}$	1	$\varepsilon^2$	$\varepsilon^{\star}$	$\varepsilon^{\star 2}$	$\varepsilon^{\star 3}$		$(\alpha_{xx} - \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{xy})$
$A''$	1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	$T_z$	
$E''_1$	$\begin{Bmatrix} 1 & \varepsilon & \varepsilon^2 & \varepsilon^3 & \varepsilon^4 \\ 1 & \varepsilon^{\star} & \varepsilon^{\star 2} & \varepsilon^{\star 3} & \varepsilon^{\star 4} \end{Bmatrix}$	$\varepsilon^2$	$\varepsilon^3$	$\varepsilon^4$	$\varepsilon$	-1	$-\varepsilon$	$-\varepsilon^2$	$-\varepsilon^3$	$-\varepsilon^4$	$(R_x, R_y)$	$(\alpha_{yz} + \alpha_{zx})$
$E''_2$	$\begin{Bmatrix} 1 & \varepsilon^2 & \varepsilon^{\star} & \varepsilon^{\star 2} & \varepsilon^{\star 3} \\ 1 & \varepsilon^{\star 2} & \varepsilon & \varepsilon^{\star} & \varepsilon^{\star 2} \end{Bmatrix}$	$\varepsilon$	$\varepsilon^{\star}$	$\varepsilon^{\star 2}$	$\varepsilon^{\star 3}$	-1	$-\varepsilon^2$	$-\varepsilon^{\star}$	$-\varepsilon^{\star 2}$	$-\varepsilon^{\star 3}$		



**Table 7** Character tables for the groups,  $\mathcal{O}_{nd}$  ( $n = 2, 3, 4, 5, 6$ ).

$\mathcal{O}_{2d} = \mathcal{V}'_d$	$E$	$2S_4$	$C_2$	$2C'_2$	$2\sigma_d$		
$A_1$	1	1	1	1	1	$R_z$	$\alpha_{xx} + \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{zz}$
$A_2$	1	1	1	-1	-1		$\alpha_{xx} - \alpha_{yy}$
$B_1$	1	-1	1	1	-1		$\alpha_{xy}$
$B_2$	1	-1	1	-1	1		$(\alpha_{yz}, \alpha_{zx})$
$E$	2	0	-2	0	0		$(T_x, T_y), (R_x, R_y)$

  

$\mathcal{O}_{3d}$	$E$	$2C_3$	$3C_2$	$i$	$2S_6$	$3\sigma_d$		
$A_{1g}$	1	1	1	1	1	1	$R_z$	$\alpha_{xx} + \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{zz}$
$A_{2g}$	1	1	-1	1	1	-1		$(\alpha_{xx} - \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{xy}), (\alpha_{yz}, \alpha_{zx})$
$E_g$	2	-1	0	2	-1	0		$(R_x, R_y)$
$A_{1u}$	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1		$T_z$
$A_{2u}$	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1		$(T_x, T_y)$

  

$\mathcal{O}_{4d}$	$E$	$2S_8$	$2C_4$	$2S_8^3$	$C_2$	$4C'_2$	$4\sigma_d$		
$A_1$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	$R_z$	$\alpha_{xx} + \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{zz}$
$A_2$	1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1		$T_z$
$B_1$	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1		$(T_x, T_y)$
$B_2$	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1		$(R_x, R_y)$
$E_1$	2	$\sqrt{2}$	0	$-\sqrt{2}$	-2	0	0		$(\alpha_{xx} - \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{xy})$

  

$\mathcal{O}_{5d}$	$E$	$2C_5$	$2C_5^2$	$5C_2$	$i$	$2S_{10}^3$	$2S_{10}$	$5\sigma_d$		$\alpha = 72^\circ$	
$A_{1g}$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	$R_z$	$\alpha_{xx} + \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{zz}$	
$A_{2g}$	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1		$(R_x, R_y)$	$(\alpha_{yz}, \alpha_{zx})$
$E_{1g}$	2	$2 \cos \alpha$	$2 \cos 2\alpha$	0	2	$2 \cos \alpha$	$2 \cos 2\alpha$	0		$(\alpha_{xx} - \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{xy})$	
$E_{2g}$	2	$2 \cos 2\alpha$	$2 \cos \alpha$	0	2	$2 \cos 2\alpha$	$2 \cos \alpha$	0		$T_z$	
$A_{1u}$	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1		$(T_x, T_y)$	

  

$\mathcal{O}_{6d}$	$E$	$2S_{12}$	$2C_6$	$2S_4$	$2C_3$	$2S_{12}^5$	$C_2$	$6C'_2$	$6\sigma_d$		
$A_1$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	$R_z$	$\alpha_{xx} + \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{zz}$
$A_2$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1		$T_z$
$B_1$	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1		$(T_x, T_y)$
$B_2$	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1		$(\alpha_{xx} - \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{xy})$
$E_1$	2	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0	-1	$-\sqrt{3}$	-2	0	0		$(R_x, R_y)$



**Table 8** Character tables for the cubic groups.

$\mathcal{T}$	$E$	$4C_3$	$4C_3^2$	$3C_2$		$\varepsilon = \exp(2\pi i/3)$		
A	1	1	1	1		$\alpha_{xx} + \alpha_{yy} + \alpha_{zz}$		
E	$\left\{ \begin{array}{cccc} 1 & \varepsilon & \varepsilon^{\star} & 1 \\ 1 & \varepsilon^{\star} & \varepsilon & 1 \end{array} \right\}$					$(\alpha_{xx} + \alpha_{yy} - 2\alpha_{zz}, \alpha_{xx} - \alpha_{yy})$		
$T \equiv F$					3	0	0	-1

  

$\mathcal{T}_h$	$E$	$4C_3$	$4C_3^2$	$3C_2$	$i$	$4S_6$	$4S_6^5$	$3\sigma$		$\varepsilon = \exp(2\pi i/3)$
$A_g$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		$\alpha_{xx} + \alpha_{yy} + \alpha_{zz}$
$E_g$	$\left\{ \begin{array}{ccccccc} 1 & \varepsilon & \varepsilon^{\star} & 1 & 1 & \varepsilon^{\star} & \varepsilon & 1 \\ 1 & \varepsilon^{\star} & \varepsilon & 1 & 1 & \varepsilon & \varepsilon^{\star} & 1 \end{array} \right\}$									$(\alpha_{xx} + \alpha_{yy} - 2\alpha_{zz},$
$T_g \equiv F_g$									3	0
$A_u$	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1		
$E_u$	$\left\{ \begin{array}{ccccccc} 1 & \varepsilon & \varepsilon^{\star} & 1 & -1 & -\varepsilon^{\star} & -\varepsilon & -1 \\ 1 & \varepsilon^{\star} & \varepsilon & 1 & -1 & -\varepsilon & -\varepsilon^{\star} & -1 \end{array} \right\}$									
$T_u \equiv F_u$									3	0

  

$\mathcal{T}_d$	$E$	$8C_3$	$3C_2$	$6S_4$	$6\sigma_d$				
$A_1$	1	1	1	1	1		$\alpha_{xx} + \alpha_{yy} + \alpha_{zz}$		
$A_2$	1	1	1	-1	-1		$(\alpha_{xx} + \alpha_{yy} - 2\alpha_{zz}, \alpha_{xx} - \alpha_{yy})$		
E	2	-1	2	0	0				
$T_1 \equiv F_1$	3	0	-1	1	-1	<b>R</b>			
$T_2 \equiv F_2$	3	0	-1	-1	1	<b>T</b>	$(\alpha_{xy}, \alpha_{yz}, \alpha_{zx})$		

  

$\mathcal{O}_h$	$E$	$8C_3$	$3C_2$	$6C_4$	$6C_2'$	$i$	$8S_6$	$3\sigma_h$	$6S_4$	$6\sigma_d$				
$A_{1g}$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		$\alpha_{xx} + \alpha_{yy} + \alpha_{zz}$		
$A_{2g}$	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1		$(\alpha_{xx} + \alpha_{yy} - 2\alpha_{zz},$		
$E_g$	2	-1	2	0	0	2	-1	2	0	0		$\alpha_{xx} - \alpha_{yy})$		
$T_{1g} \equiv F_{1g}$	3	0	-1	1	-1	3	0	-1	1	-1	<b>R</b>	$(\alpha_{xy}, \alpha_{yz}, \alpha_{zx})$		
$T_{2g} \equiv F_{2g}$	3	0	-1	-1	1	3	0	-1	-1	1				
$A_{1u}$	1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1				
$A_{2u}$	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1				
$E_u$	2	-1	2	0	0	-2	1	-2	0	0				
$T_{1u} \equiv F_{1u}$	3	0	-1	1	-1	-3	0	1	-1	1	<b>T</b>			
$T_{2u} \equiv F_{2u}$	3	0	-1	-1	1	-3	0	1	1	-1				

Table 9 Character tables for the icosahedral groups.

$\mathcal{I}$	$E$	$12C_5$	$12C_5^2$	$20C_3$	$15C_2$								
A	1	1	1	1	1								$\alpha_{zz} + \alpha_{yy} + \alpha_{zz}$
$T_1 \equiv F_1$	3	$\frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}$	$\frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{2}$	0	-1	<b>T, R</b>							
$T_2 \equiv F_2$	3	$\frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{2}$	$\frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}$	0	-1								
G	4	-1	-1	1	0								
H	5	0	0	-1	1								$(\alpha_{xx} + \alpha_{yy} - 2\alpha_{zz}, \alpha_{xx} - \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{xy}, \alpha_{yz}, \alpha_{zx})$

  

$\mathcal{I}_h$	$E$	$12C_5$	$12C_5^2$	$20C_3$	$15C_2$	$i$	$12S_{10}$	$12S_{10}^3$	$20S_6$	$15\sigma$	
$A_g$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	$\alpha_{xx} + \alpha_{yy} + \alpha_{zz}$
$T_{1g} \equiv F_{1g}$	3	$\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{5})$	$\frac{1}{2}(1-\sqrt{5})$	0	-1	3	$\frac{1}{2}(1-\sqrt{5})$	$\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{5})$	0	-1	<b>R</b>
$T_{2g} \equiv F_{2g}$	3	$\frac{1}{2}(1-\sqrt{5})$	$\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{5})$	0	-1	3	$\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{5})$	$\frac{1}{2}(1-\sqrt{5})$	0	-1	
$G_g$	4	-1	-1	1	0	4	-1	-1	1	0	
$H_g$	5	0	0	-1	1	5	0	0	-1	1	$(\alpha_{xx} + \alpha_{yy} - 2\alpha_{zz}, \alpha_{xx} - \alpha_{yy}, \alpha_{xy}, \alpha_{yz}, \alpha_{zx})$
$A_u$	1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	
$T_{1u} \equiv F_{1u}$	3	$\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{5})$	$\frac{1}{2}(1-\sqrt{5})$	0	-1	-3	$-\frac{1}{2}(1-\sqrt{5})$	$-\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{5})$	0	1	<b>T</b>
$T_{2u} \equiv F_{2u}$	3	$\frac{1}{2}(1-\sqrt{5})$	$\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{5})$	0	-1	-3	$-\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{5})$	$-\frac{1}{2}(1-\sqrt{5})$	0	1	
$G_u$	4	-1	-1	1	0	-4	1	1	-1	0	
$H_u$	5	0	0	-1	1	-5	0	0	1	-1	

